## Geography

#### What I should already know

- key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather.
- key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.
- How to use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.

### <u>Key Vocabulary</u>

Locate	Мар	Human features	Local
Compass	Navigate	Physical features	Evaluate

### <u>The Journey</u>

- To be able to locate the local area on a map and to give directions.
- To learn about physical and human features of the local area.
- To identify different types of services in the local area.
- To be able to collect and record evidence.

What I will know by the end of the unit

town focussing on the local area.

• To be able to evaluate what the local area is like.

How to use a map to locate a region, county and



# Knowledge Organiser – Summer 1 2022, Local study (Class 2)

Science			Computing				
<ul> <li>What I should already know</li> <li>identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.</li> <li>identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other.</li> </ul>		nd omnivores. ve in habitats to ibe how e basic needs of	<ul> <li>The Journey</li> <li>To group living things in a range of ways.</li> <li>To identify vertebrates by observing their similarities and differences.</li> <li>To use a key to identify invertebrates.</li> <li>To recognise positive and negative changes to the local environment.</li> </ul>	<u>What I should already know</u> How to create a debug simple programmes.			<ul> <li><u>The Journey</u></li> <li>To create a simple program one step at a time.</li> <li>To write a debug a program.</li> <li>To read a program.</li> </ul>
				<u>Key Vocabulary</u>			What I will know by the end of the unit
Key Vocabulary		1	What I will know by the end of the unit How to use the characteristics of living things when	Programs Debug Algorithms		Algorithms	To design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals.
Habitat	Environment	Vertebrates	sorting them on a classification key.	Programs	Debug	Aigoritinis	
Invertebrates	Classification	Endangered	The dangers to wildlife in the local and wider	Sequence	Input	Simulating	To use sequence, selection and repetition in programs.
Species	Organism	Life processes	environment.	Output	Controlling	Variables	

PSHE		RE		Art	
What I should already know What feeling safe means by considering risks and hazards.	<ul> <li>The Journey</li> <li>To be responsible for making good choices in order to stay safe and healthy.</li> <li>To identify a risky situation and act responsibly.</li> <li>To know how to stay safe when out and about.</li> <li>To know how to respond in emergency</li> </ul>	<u>What I should already know</u> The creation story and the celebrating of Shabbat.	The Journey What is worth celebrating? What do Jewish families celebrate? Why do Jewish people celebrate Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur? Why is Pesach important for Jews?	What I should already know About the work of a range of artists, making links to their own work.	<ul> <li><u>The Journey</u></li> <li>To understand what different types of art there are.</li> <li>To identify and understand different local artists.</li> <li>To express their own vision of local art through their own inspired art.</li> </ul>
Key Vocabulary Safe, unsafe, hazard, danger, harm, hurt, casualty, unfamiliar place, consequences responsibility, independence.	situations. <u>What I will know by the end of the unit</u> To recognise where pressure to do things can come from and identify people who can help in an emergency.	<u>Key Vocabulary</u> Beliefs, values, celebrations, Shabbat, Synagogue, Pesach.	What I will know by the end of the unit Provide examples of how Jewish people show the importance of their beliefs about thankfulness.	<u>Key Vocabulary</u> Explore, express, mediums, vision, artists, inspiration, interpretation, technique.	What I will know by the end of the unit To explore different mediums of art and where they appear in the local area.

# Knowledge Organiser – Summer 1 2022, Local study (Class 2)

Music		Design Technology		MFL
What I should already know How to read, clap and play crotchets, quavers, rests, minims and semibreves. Experience with writing	<ul> <li>To know what a recorder is; how to look after and clean it and the different parts</li> <li>To experiment with making sound using the recorder</li> <li>To use my tongue to make my notes clear and consistent</li> <li>To be able to play and recognise the notes B,A and G</li> </ul>	What I should already know How to design and create a product for a purpose using a range of techniques.	<ul> <li><u>The Journey</u></li> <li>To recognise why we put food in packaging.</li> <li>To investigate and evaluate packaging.</li> <li>To design and create packaging.</li> </ul>	<u>Key Phrases</u> Je voudrais, s'il vous plaît [Please, May I Have?], 'J'aime' [I like], Je n'aime pas [I don't like], J'adore [I love], Je déteste [I hate], Qu'est-ce que tu aimes ? [What do you like?].
a musical composition.		Key Vocabulary Packaging, protect, preserve, transportation, storage, products, design, evaluate, materials, mood board.	What I will know by the end of the unit	PE
<u>Key Vocabulary</u> Recorder, note, rhythm, staff, crotchet, minim, semibreve, crotchet rest	What I will know by the end of the unit To beTo play the notes B, A and G on a recorder and begin to play a simple tune.		How to design and create packaging on a 2D net, choosing elements from a mood board.	Key skills Catching, throwing, batting, running, diving, fielding, bowling.